President: WHEREAS, the State of Maryland has suffered the same wrongs which impelled these Confederate States to withdraw from the United States, and is intimately associated with these States by geographical situation. by mutual interest, by similarity of institutions, and by enduring sentiments of reciprocal amity and esteem: and whereas, it is believed a desire which is proved to exist even by the violent, ex ra-

ordinary and tyrannical measures employed by our enemy to restrain the expression thereof; And whereas, the Government of the United States, by State and along her borders, and by suppressing with armed force the freedom of speech and of election, has preed force the needed the people and their representatives from adopting not arrived in Washington up to that time, nor is there the political connection which they prefer, and, in revenge the political connection which they prefer, and, in revenge the least inclination on the part of the Cabinet to deof their preference, has inflicted upon them many outrages and established over them a foreign despotism.

First : Resolved, by t'e Congress of the Confederate States f America, That the sufferings of the good people of Marynd under the oppression of our enemies, excite our proertions on our part for their relief.

Second : That it is the desire of this government, by anpropriate measures, to facilitate the acce-sion of Maryla d. with the free consent of her people, to the Confederate United States which does not ensure to Maryland the opportunity of forming a part of this Confederacy.

From the Richmond Dispatch. The Fight at Dranesville Full Particulars. The Regiments Engaged... Fighting Against odds.

Centreville, Dec. 21 Yesterday morning a heavy skirm'sh occurred at Dranesville, which resulted disastrously to us. A foraging party was sent out by Gen. Stuart, consisting of about two hundred wagons, escerted by the 11th Virginia, Col. Garland; the 6th South Carolina, under Lt. Col. A. J. Secrest; the 10th Alabama, Col. John H. Forney; the 1st Kentucky, Col. Tom. Taylor; the Sumter Flying Artillery, Capt. Cutts; and detachments from Ransom's and Radford's cavalry. Our whole force amounted to nearly twenty-five hundred men. They started off early in the morning, and before day were some distance on their journey. Soon after leaving, a rocket was seen to shoot up in the direction of Dranesville, which, as was afterwards ascertained, was a signal from the enemy, and indicated that our approach was known. It is about fitteen miles from here to Dranesville. When within a short distance of the place, two or three regiments of Yankees were seen deployed as skirmishers in the skirts of a pine thicket, which stretched out on either side of the road. General Stuart drew up his force and prepared to make an attack. On either side the woods were very thick, and it was difficult to make through them, but our force was pushed through in the following order: The Eleventh Virginia being in the advance, was deployed on the right of the road with the Tenth Alabama, while the Sixth South Carolina ister in London, regarded his recall as inevitable. and the First Kentucky were sent to the left. On account of the dense thickets on either side, the artillery position to make the guns effective.

As we approached the Yankees, the 11th Virginia charged them with a yell, and drove them back to their line within sight of Dranesville. The enemy seemed somewhat confused, but soon formed again in line of battle. The advanced positions were held by the 11th and the 6th South Carolina, the former on the right and the latter on the left of the road. While waiting to get sight of the enemy the 6th South Carolina was drawn up, and the 1st Kentucky advanced upon them, and mistaking them for the enemy, a portion of the regiment fired without orders, killing five of the South Carolinians. The error was soon discovered, and Col. Taylor sight of another regiment but a few yards away. To be sure there was no mistake, Col. Taylor shouted to the Colonel, and asked who he was?

"The Colonel of the 9th," was the reply. " Of what 9th?"

"Don't shoot," said the Yankees, "we are friends. South Carolinians,

"On which side are you?" asked Coloned Taylor. "For the Union," and immediately after the Colonel gave the command to fire, and a volley was poured into the Kentuckians from the 9th Infantry, regulars, U.S. A. The engagement then became general, and our four regiments, with Capt. Cutts's four gans, were soon actively engaged. The Yankees had every advantage of position. There were several houses along the Leesburg turnpike, and back of it a hill upon which their battery was placed. Lower down, and opposite the 11th, was another battery placed in position to enfillade the turnpike should we enter it. The main battery of six guns up an incessant fire of grape, canister and spherical case. The accuracy of their aim was remarkable considering November. the rapidity with which the guns were fired. Capt.

the fire rapidly and successfully. Meanwhile the enemy advanced several regiments of infantry, and, protected by the nature of the ground, came within a hundred yards of us, and forming in line fired for some time, keeping the air full of minnie balls, and finally attempted to charge. Three times the officers gave the order and tried to get their men forward, but San Jacinto. The Constitutionel is particularly exfailed. They could not be pushed into the thicket .-Soon after this the firing on both sides ceased, but not 6th of December, state that "the tone of reserve of the before great damage was done to our force. For over French press increases." Several leading Paris papers an hour both sides had kept an incessant firing. The wounded and dead lay on every side, and the regiments

Cutts got three of his pieces in position, and returned

were beginning to get scattered. To give it a little more in detail : As our first advance were marching by the flank towards the Yankee skirmishers, two companies of the 11th Virginia were thrown out as skirmishers, and sent forward. Captain up by others, and all advanced within sight of Dranes-

from the regiment until the fight was over.

When the enemy formed in line of battle Col. Forney drew the 10th Alabama up also, and prepared to advance upon them. The coolness and daring courage displayed by Col. Forney was observed by everybody. He rode backward and forward in front of the line, encouraging his men, and in getting all prepared for the coming struggle. The same can be said of Col. Garland. Soon after the firing commenced, Col. Forney was shot through the right arm, Lieutenant-Colonel Martin was killed, and the command of the regiment devolved on Major Woodward, who commanded on one side the road, and the senior Cartain on the other. This regiment lost more than any other. The Sumter Artillery was in the road, and had three guns in position .-Only four pieces were out, and about sixty men. Capt. Cutts and his men fought bravely, and suffered severely. The enemy's batteries played upon him for some time, and killed nearly all his horses, destroyed one limber, and exploded a caisson. Twenty-five horses were left dead upon the field. The guns still kept firing, and did good execution, every shot scattering the Yankees and telling upon them seriously. He succeeded in breaking their line, and in driving their sharp-shooters from the with the assistance of the infantry.

Seeing the wagons safely to the rear, Gen. Stuar gave orders to fall back to a better position. The regito the right to see what disposition had been made of his neighbors, and on returning found his regiment gone, and himself nearly surrounded by Yankee cavalry .-Throwing himself down he eluded them and afterwards crept into a pine coppice, and remained there until dark, with Yankees on each side of him. At night he escaped, and joined his regiment this morning, sustaining no injury beyond a slight scratch on the hand by a musket

Taking his force to the rear, where the ground offered better positions, Gen. Stuart once more drew up his force and awaited the enemy, but he had enough of it and was not disposed to give battle again. Thus ended the battle of Dranesville, which, although disastrous to THE SLIDELL AND MASON AFFAIR AND THE NEWS FROM has become such that the soldiers in each shoot the us, was more so to the enemy, if recent reports are true. It is believed there were seven regiments of infantry one of cavalry, and 8 pieces of light artillery against us.

REPORTED BATTLE BETWEEN THE U. S. STEAMER IROQUIOS AND THE CONFEDERATE STEAMER SUNTER -The brig Agnes, Capt. Thompson, arrived at this port on Saturday evening, from Rio, and reports that on the 10th instant, in latitude 35, and longitude 74 10, he was spoken by the British ship Mary Morton. The latter reported that a severe engagement had taken place between the U. S. steamer Iroquois and the Conlederate steamer, Sumter. One of them, it could not be

LIBERAL CONTRIBUTION .- We learn, from reliable authority, that the 4th North Carolina State troops, ton conflagration .- Richmond Dispatch.

From the Norfolk Day Book. We present our readers with a bird's-eye view of the the Mason and Slidell embroglio. From the numerous Northern News from the Herald's "Situation"—a very | despatches that have been received here to-day, there is together with a few matters in detail:

city yesterday, that the Cabinet at Washington had dereciprocal amity and esteem: and whereas, it is defect the persons of Mason that a large majority of the good people of Maryland earns and Slidell to the demands of England, we are in a pothat a large majority of the good people of Mary to care that a large majority of the good people of the goo by the administration, inasmuch as no such demands have been made, nor had any communication whatever land or from Lord Lyons. The Queen's messenger had

The Jura, at ortland, yesterday, brings important news from Europe to the 6th of November-one day found sympathy and entitle them to speedy and efficient ex- later. Our European files by the Europa were also received yesterday. The papers are dated in London and

Paris to the 30th of December. When the Jura sailed England was still deeply agitated on the question of the arrest of Mason and Sli-Third: That no peace ought to be concluded with the deli under her flag. The Cabinet continued its preparations for war with the United States, should such a step be rendered necessary by the act of Capt. Wilkes. and the refusal of our Cabinet to atone for it in the manner demanded. A large number of troops were under orders for Canada. The frigate Warrior was coaling for service in North America if need, and all British seamen on leave of absence were ordered to join their ships at once. The Cunard mail steamer Persia had been chartered, with the Australasian, for govern-

General Scott had communicated a letter, through the United States Consul, to the Paress press, which we give in full to-day, and in which he denies that the seizure of the rebel agents, even on board the neutral vessel, was premeditated by the Cabinet in Washington 18th :to his knowledge. He says he is unaware of any such resolution, and expresses the hope that the amicable re- The Mails of the Anglo Saxon-Feeling in Ireland on the lations existing between England and the United States may be preserved. The General's letter received very great attention from the London journalists, and evi-

dently produced a good impression. The strength of the United States Navy was being canvassed in England, and the London Times had ack- of November. The papers are one day later than those nowledged that our power on the ocean was not to be received by the Hansa, and contain some very interestdespised. England "had done this once, and paid the ling matter, although the news has been anticipated by

cost of her thoughtlessness." Demonstrations hostile to the United States were Washington. made in some of the English ports, and the naval reserve corps were volunteering for actual service in case of a war with this country.

It was reported that Mr. Adams, United States Min-

In the meantime the English reformers, with Cobden and Bright at their head, bad shown a disposition for peace, fearing that a war with this country would reless at the feet of the tory aristocracy. We refer our readers upon this point to the letter of Cobden and the speech of Bright in another column.

This cuts off direct communication between Bowling Green and Memphis. speech of Bright in another column.

The British manufactures and traders were greatly alarmed at the prospect of a war with America, and the reports which we give this morning relative to the excited feeling existing on the subject, in Liverpool, Man- Hotel, in the Rue de la Paix, where, upon his arrival, chester, Birmingham, Leeds, Sheffield and other centres he was met by Mrs. Scott, who has not seen him before of industrial profit, prove that a mighty class of the people of Britain will condemn any violent attempt to exterminate the democracy of the United States at a moadvanced cautiously to the left, and soon after came in lion. In Manchester, as general to the other places ment when it is engaged in suppressing a mighty rebelnamed, it was reported that American affairs commanded individual attention to the exclusion of business, without, however, anything like panic, buyers and sellers both being disposed to await further developement of the important questions that have arisen.

At Lloyd's war risk on American ships coming from New York was taken at 20s, while the charge on British ships bound from England to China was 10s., and to Australia 15s. The increased premium has been confined to American ships prior to the receipt of the news by the West India packet La Plate.

Twenty-five guineas additional had been added to the insurance premiums on "several steamers fitting out on the Thames and at Glasgow for the service of the Southern Confederacy."

The copious extracts from our files by the Europa and Juara published in the Herald this morning give a finish the remainder of life's downbill journey together. faithful reflex of the state of feeling prevailing in England, Ireland and Scotland-and in every circle, class swept the road upon which we were advancing, and kept and interest of those countries—with respect to the crisis, its cause and bearings, on Saturday, the 30th of

> The London Times asserts that the stock market was more heavy and unsettled on the 4th inst. than at any period since the commencement of the difficulty. There was a slight rally, however, at the close of the market.

The press of France and Brussels are almost unanimous in their opinions on the Trent affair. All the of England, and against the action of the captain of the blame the English government for having yielded to the pressure of public opinion, as represented merely by Manchester and Liverpool, and for having acted so hastily in the Trent affair.

The threatening aspect of affairs in England created quite a stir among the bankers in this city yesterday .--Mr. Chase was in conference with them for several hours. Houston's company charged the Yankees with a shout, and the consultation will be renewed to-day, when, proband drove them in, and soon after the shout was taken ably, the future policy of the banks with the government will be decided upon. Mr. Chase, it is said, staville. Company A, of the 11th, was deployed on the ted that the difficulty with England was capable of a right, but by some means got lost, and was separated pacific settlement, and that his negotiations with the banks were progressing satisfactorily. This intelligence caused an improvement in the stock market, which in the morning had received a very heavy shock.

A letter received in Washington yesterday from a firm in Liverpool, which had made a large shipment in arms, states, that all the arms have been taken from the vessels, that sixty thousand that were to be shipped have been retained, and that no more will be permitted to be

Virginia side of the Potomac yesterday, without wait- Legation at Washington, or of the French Consul Gen. cumstances, conscientiously give, and it was therefore other States, who desire to serve with us, will be weling for either staff officers or escort. He passed over at New York, such letters will not be sent, during the emsidered sufficient that a party of marines, with bayo- comed. the Aqueduct bridge, and was quickly followed by the suspension of mail communication with the Southern nets fixed, should forcibly lay hands on the gentlemen officers of the staff who were to attend him, among States. whom were Colonel Sweitzer, the Count de Paris and the Duc de Chartres.

Gen. McDowel had a splendid review of his division. and division drill and skirmishing.

General Banks, that the rebel General Jackson, with a It fell out a few days cince that a runaway slave was threw herself in the doorway of the cabin where her force of 9,000 men, had advanced to the banks of the pursued into camp by a Union man, with an order from father was, resolved to defend him with her life, till, on Potomac Tuesday night, and launched a large number General Grant for his surrender. Notice being had of the order being given to the marines to advance, which to fall back, the pieces were taken to the rear by hand, on Williamsport. Lotelfigence of this movement having regiment. A reward of one hundred dollars was girl, her father ended the pitiful scene by escaping from inently useful. A most successful farmer and charitable reached Gen. Banks, he at once ordered General Willjublicly offered for the negro's return. This stimjumplicly offered for the negro's 3d Brigade, but as it had not moved at 10 o'clock yes- would have the negro and return him to his owner.— to Captain Moir as he left that he held him and his Gov. the Presbyterian Church, and a Ruling Elder at Rockfish, ing ceased firing. At this time Col. Tom. Taylor rode t rday morning, it was thought that Jackson had not The Abe's men proper swore that no such thing should ernment responsible for this outrage. force enough to attempt the enterprise. One regiment be done. In a few days after, the "bone of contention" and Cest's battery, however, have started for Williams- was discovered in the camp of his friends, and his cap-

port. six o'clock yesterday morning at Falling Waters, but purpose. As they approached the negro, the wink was rage if we had been a man-of-war, they replied, "cer- low Greys, attached to the 14th Regiment N. C. Volenteers.

nothing authentic was known as to the result. from Louisville, touching affairs in Kentucky. He says made fools of in that way, turned loose upon the fugi- second, for Captain Moir to move the Trent closer to PRICE of that town, aged 67 years. that McCook's division is at Munfordsville; Gen. Mitthat McCook's division is at Munfordsville; Gen. Mitthe San Jacinto. Of course not the slightest notice
was taken of either order, nor did they attempt to enwas taken of either order, nor did they attempt to enchell at Bacon Creek ; that the rebel Zollicoffer is either | his body. retreating across the Cumberland river, or is preparing | Now commenced a scene that baffles description .to do so at the approach of any superior force.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18, 1861.

At eleven o'clock to-night neither the President nor Secretary Seward had received any despatches from England. The messengers reported to be on the way from Boston did not arrive. A report reached enemy's fleet still occupy North Edisto Inlet, and one of here this afternoon that a railroad accident between their vessels has been up to White Point on Wadmalaw Bos on and New York detained them. If that is so, Sound, but up to yesterday they had not attem and to

they may be here in the morning. Very little excitement exists here in regard to the Cotton in the seed, have been captured by the enemy, Mason and Slidell affair. The President and Secretary but their screws escaped. The vessels captured are said of State are less disturbed about that question than to be the sloop Ashley and schooner Osiris. many others near home. They believe it will soon be settled. The President is as full of his mirth to-night ascertained which, had put in to Martinque to repair as ever, and the Secretary of State puffs his Havana with the same gay and festive air as when he toured

through the West. vate Secretary, Mr. Hay, walked over to Mr. Seward's, and after consultation there, he and Mr. Seward walked price, \$9,000, when we abandoned that view as erroneous, process of the consultation there are an active to the rank of Lieut. Colored the promoted by the Governor to the rank of Lieut. Colored the promoted the promote (Col. Anderson's regiment,) have subscribed upwards and after consultation there, he and Mr. Seward walked of \$1,000 for the relief of the sufferers of the Charles-ton conflagration — Richmond Dienotch until midnight, discussing the rebellion.

It is a fact that the government is not alarmed about bad situation for the Yankees by the bye-of the 19th, a fear expressed among the people in different parts of at the time of his death in the bloom of life, and a soldier the country that the government may be induced by in the service of his country,-a member of company H, some diplomacy to give the traitors up. In order to 10th regiment N. C. Volunteers. Therefore Not with standing the flying rumors prevalent in this the Cabinet at Washington had de-

The English newspapers sent to this country in advance of the arrival of any official dispatches either spare no diligence in preparing to receive the final sentence infantry. And whereas, the Government of Maryland, by imprisoning members of the Legislature of Maryland, by imprisoning members of the Legislature of Maryland, by establishing powerful armies of foreign troops within that sestablishing powerful armies of foreign troops within that Seward up to eleven o'clock last night, either from Engfrom our Minister or the receipt of any communication very little account here. The goverdment has too much on its hands to be disturbed by such influences. If it should turn out that we are likely to have another tilt days. liver up Mason and Slidell under any circumstances now intercede in behalt of England. In that event Russia contemplated. The excitement in England does not apand established over them a foreign despetish.

And whereas, the accession of Maryland to this ConfedeAnd whereas, the accession of Maryland to this Confederation will be mutually beneficial, and is essential to the inration will be mutually beneficial, and is essential to the inhis constitutional advisers. On the contrary they are ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be mutually beneficial, and it executed by the ration will be accepted by the ration will be accepted by the United States — The Emperors of these great empires can discuss the question while we are finishing the rebellion. They will eventually disagree, of course. A mediator will be called in-probably the King of Italy, who will not decide the matter satisfactorily to both parties and a war may sentiment which pervades our army result. By this time we shall have an army "spoiling for a fight," and it will then be a question whether we shall not prefer to take a hand in war rather than to remain at peace with a people who have attempted to take

advantage of our misfortunes. Dispatches received here to-day state that the rebels sumed a hostile attitude towards the United States .- | channel, the contributions they desire to make to the They regard it as an evidence of the intention of the sufferers by this calamitous event. quondam mistress of the seas to take up their quarrel, open their ports, and fight their battle. They deceive themselves as they have done from the beginning.

From the Norfolk Day Book.

Late Northern News. We continue our extracts from the Herald of the

ADDITIONAL FROM EUROPE.

subject of a War with the United States-General Scot in Paris-War risks on Vessels to New York, &c., &c. The mails of the Anglo Saxon reached this city from

Portland yesterday morning. Our European files are dated in Dublin on the 29th the telegraphic advices of the Europa and the City of

OUR PARIS CORRESPONDINCE.

Arrival of General Scott-Meeting with his wife-His domes ic affairs-Dr. J. Marion Sims, &c. old veteran to whom our country owes so much, and offering of the officers and soldiers of the 5th North whom our countrymen and their representatives abroad | Carolina State Troops, to their fellow-citizens of Charshould delight to honor. But Mr. Dayton was not pre- leston for the relief of the sufferers. sent. The General has taken rooms at the Westminster in five or six years. General Scott and his wife, findof an amicable character, "agreed to disagree," and concluded that as they could not love each other togeth-

movements and welfare. tel du Louvre, and at which some of our newly-fledged letter that you must excuse me for making them public. Letters received in this city from St. Thomas, state once she shed tears. Latterly she has manifested a their behalf, as we las my own, to tender to yourself, the rebel cruiser to come out. greater interest than ever in her husband's career, and and the officers and soldiers of your regiment, our warm | Gen. Prentiss, at the head of some 3 000 troops, had for two or three weeks she was so pervous and excited and grateful acknowledgments. that it was found necessary to keep from her all the papers containing bad news. Now, upon the General's arrival in Paris, she wishes to greet him, forgetting all that is past. And it is not improbable under all the circumstances that the venerable pair may conclude to Quite a demonstration was made by the American giving an account of the arrest. We copy the following ship captains upon the General's arrival in Havre. Two details of his report:

triumphal arches were erected, under which the General | The firing was immediately followed by a boat push-

leading Paris journals have spoken out plainly in favor He enjoyed the trip across very much, never missed a were on board, and demanded that they should be meal, and says he feels better now than he has for a year given up.

little excitement in the medical world here by the per- named were then before him, but appealed to the Parformance of several surgical operations for vesico vagi- tish flag, under which they were sailing, for protection. you respond? Will not the brave men who have done all the fame he is acquiring here, however, Dr. Sims is | boats pushed off and surrounded the ship, and the party | let your thundering voices strike terror to the hearts of an unfortunate man. He came to Europe without a of marines who came up and took possession of the those who think we can be conquered, or who think the passport. Coming through England, and now desiring quarter deck; these, however, he ordered down on the hardships we have passed through have chilled our pato return to the U. States, he is troubled by the fact main deck, to take charge of the gang-way ports. tain property of which he is the owner in one of the a vehement protestation against this piratical act.

Our news from the army of the Potomac does not that, as many letters intended for the Southern States mander but given the order. possess much interest. Gen. McClellan dashed to the are dropped in here addressed to the care of the French | Such an order he could not, under such adverse cir- | al order number 62, I will expect you. Citizens from

DIERY .- There is at Fort Holt a Regiment commanded Mr. Slidell, his eldest daughter, a noble girl devoted to which went through several manœuvres in battalion by Col Cook, and another commanded by Col. Johnson, her father, and the Lieutenant. We have news from Frederick, Md., headquarters of and nearly honest enough to belong the Southern army. describe how, with flashing eyes and quivering lips, she given him to run. He took to his heels, but alas! too tainly not;" and, secondly, that Captain Wilkes sent General Buell reports officially to General McClellan late. The Southern Illinois boys determined not to be an order for Capt. Moir to go aboard his ship, and a PRICE, wite of Mr. John Price, aged about 43 years.

A general fight ensued, in which several were slain on both sides, and the animosity between the regiments other whenever an opportunity presents itself. Columbus (Ky.,) News, Lec. 4.

THE LINCOLNITES AT NORTH EDISTO .- Several of the land in force. Two small vessels loaded with peas and

Charleston Courier 20th inst. STEAMER CORA .- We understand that the little side-wheel steamer Cora, formerly used as a ferry-boat in Beaufort harbor, has been bought by Commodore Lynch, and is to be used, hereafter, as a gnn-boat on the river. The Cora

WHEREAS, Almighty God, in the dispensation of his superintending providence, hath seen fit to temove from our

entering upon the theatre of active life, strikingly admonishes us of our own mortality; and that it would be wisdom

in us, as accountable beings to the Great Judge of hearts, to

Resolved, That we deeply and cordially sympathize with our brother's bereaved parents and friends, and as a token of our sorrow, we will wear the usual mourning for thirty Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the parents of our brother, and also to the Wilmington Journal and Fayetteville Observer for publication.

DAVID A. BIZZELL, Committee. JOHN DUDLEY. Mingo Lodge, No. 206, N. C., Dec. 15th, 1861. We have been favored with a copy of the following correspondence, which we publish with the highest sat-

KILBA LASSITER.

CAMP OF THE 5TH REG. N. C. STATE TROOPS,) NEAR UNION MILLS, VA.,

December 14th, 1861. Mr. Secretary :- The officers and soldiers of my regiment instruct me to transmit to you the accompanying resolutions, expressive of their sincere sympathy bein the South are wild with excitement over the bows re- cause of the late terrible conflagration at Charleston, detached to operate in those waters. ceived by the Europa, indicating that England has as- and to ask that you will bestow, through the proper

> I have the honor to be, Mr. Becretary,

Your obedient servant, D. K. McRAE, Col. Com. 5th Reg. N. C. S. Troops. To Hon. C. G. MEMMINGER, Secretary of the Treas-

At a meeting of the Officers of the 5th Regiment of North Carolina State Troops, held at the Colonel's Headquarters, near Union Mills, Va., on the 14th Decomber, the Colonel was directed to transmit the following distorting to suit their fancies. resolutions to the Hon. C. G. Memminger, Secretary of

the Treasury of the Confederate States. Resolved, That this Regiment has heard with the has been desolated by fire.

Resolved, That in this hour all our calamities should be mutual, that our arms, our hearts, and our purses are | tails are given in a private letter, from which it appears | open to our afflicted brethren; that we will suffer all, that the firing was commenced by the steamer Richshare all, and divide all with those who have stood in mond, assisted by the Niagara—the first point of at- with Kitchen, Smoke House, Negro Houses, Barn, Stables, the van of our glorious movement towards independ to k being Fort McRee. The Richmond was considered to the Hotel lot there are also 3 Store buildings, which

Ex-Lieutenant General Scott arrived here from Ha- Resolved, That we look to see the noble edifices now life on our side was very small. vre, which port he reached in the Arago on Sunday | consumed speedily replaced by others of equal elegance ; | An important report reaches up from Kentucky, to | morning. Yesterday afternoon at six o'clock he was that Charleston may remain in the tuture, as she has the effect that the bridges on the Memphis branch Rail- Mechandizing, or desirous of living in a healthful and moral met at the railroad station by Mr. Begelow, the United been is the past, the home of generous and munificent road at Whippoorwill, five miles from Russelliville, community, far removed from Lincolnism, a rare induce-States Consul, and by the Secretary and Assistant Sec- hospitality, and the active sympathies of all our people close to the Tennessee line, have been destroyed by a leaved separate from the Stores.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, Treasury Department, Richmond. Dec. 18, 1861.

ing that their tempers and modes of thought were not Col. D. K. McRae, Colonel Commanding 5th Kegiment N. C. State Troops : At the Union breaklast given last summer at the Ho- | well expresse! in the resolutions which accompany your | graphic columns.

> Very respectfully, Your obd't serv't, Signed C. G. MEMMINGER, Sec'y of Treasury.

Narrative of the Purser of the "Front." This gentleman writes a letter to the London Times, Lexington.

passed, and as much enthusiasm was exhibited and as ing off from the side of the San Jacinto, containing be- Dec. 7, states that the conference between Gen. Grant much noise made as was consistent with the quiet ideas | tween twenty and thirty men, heavily armed, under the | and the rebel Gen. Cheatham, under the flag of truce, To-day the General is resting quietly at his hotel, and | quarter deck, and asking for Captain Moir, demanded | the National prisoners now at Memphis. to-morrow or next will receive his American friends. | a list of passengers. As his "right of search" was de- | Letters divulging an extensive contraban I trade from After remaining here a few weeks for medical advice and | pied, the information required was, of course, perempto- | Illinois with rebels, have been received by Gen. Grant. treatment, he will proceed to the South of France, pro- rily retosed. He then stated that he had information bably to Pau or Cannes, where he will spend the winter. that Messrs. Slidell, Mason, Eustis, and McFarland

Dr. J. Marion Sims, of New York, has created no self came forward, and said that the four gentler on

that he must procure a passport in order to do so, while | Capt. Williams, R. N., the Naval Agent, in charge | I will be with you, through weal or woe, and the aumust take the oath of allegiance to the government. of the mails, who was of course present during this in- thorities give me such position as you desire; whether This he is endeavoring to avoid on the plea that, terview, then, in the name of Her Majesty, he being the it be among you with my musket on my shoulder, or at

against the government during this war. It is not pro- passengers congregated on the quarterdeck, men of all mission, that " whenever I see a head, I may hit it." bable that the government will depart in his case from nations, and from the manifest desire of some to resist | I have told them that your brave hearts shall be my to the last, I have no doubt but that every person would breastworks, and a fair field and clear sky my fort. The French Post Office authorities have given notice have joined heart and soul in the struggle had our Com- I have ample preparations to clothe and equip all

named. This was done, and the gentlemen retired to their crbies to arrange some few changes of clothing.-RICH SCENES OCCURRING AMONG THE LINCOLN SOL- A most heart-rending scene now took place between

-the former abolition, the latter Southern Illinoisian, It would require a far more able pen than mine to

If farther proof were required of the meanness and the Lord." torce them.

A fire broke out on Tuesday evening in the smoke aged 44 years. house in rear of the Commandant's Quarters at the Arsenal. The building and its contents were destroyed-, having been completely in flames in the interior before have been sent to his late residence in Stanly county. the fire was discovered

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA. NORTH CAROLINA ARSENAL AND ARMORY. Fayetteville, Dec. 18, 1861. Messes. Hale & Sons: Permit me through your columps, to tender my warmest thanks to these of our friends who rendered such prompt and efficient service in extinguishing the fire in the Arsenal grounds last evening

Very truly and respectfully,

Fay. Observer. A GALLANT OFFICER PROMOTED .- Capt. Julius A. De Lagnel, who was wounded and captured at Rich Mountain, and whose exchange for Capt. Ricketts of At half-past nine o'clock the President, with his Pri- has been undergoing repairs here for some time and is now the Federal army we have heretofore noticed, has been port for duty at Craney Island, vice Lieut. Col. John T. L. Pres'en, resigned.—Richmond Dispatch.

JNO. C. BOOTH, Capt. Art'y Comd'g.

From the Norfolk Day Book, 16th inst. By permission of a friend, we have copied the following from the New York Times of the 12th, the latest date received from the North:

THE REBELLION. Important reconnoissances were made yesterday along our lines of the Potomac to ascertain the positions and strength of the rebels. One, made in a balloon by Professor La Mountain, establishes the facts that the rebel Resolved, That the cutting down of brother Giles while forces at Fairfax Courthouse is very light; that between that point and Vienna, there is an increase of strength, and that all along the line very considerable additions have been made to the scouts of cavalry and

> Our Washington correspondent states that the dispatches from Mr. Adams, our Minister to Great Britain brought by Mr. Goodrich, informs our Government of the determination of the British Government to allow the rebel steamer Nashville to complete her armament at Southampton. Captain Pegram, it is stated, had arranged for the steamer a complete gun deck, which would make her a most formidable war steamer, and she was to be allowed to depart without let or hindrance.

We have highly interesting intelligence from Port Royal by the arrival of the Government transport steamer City of New York which left on the 6th inst .isfaction as an illustration of the noble and generous | Gen. Sherman had at last decided to occupy Beaufort, and General Stevens' brigade, consisting of about twenty-five bundred men, was to go up for that purpose the day the steamer sailed. Another diversion of troops was to be made to Tybee Island, which would be occupied permanently by a force of five hundred men, which would doubtles be sufficient, with proper fortifications, aided by the gunboats of the flotilla, which have been

> These movements bad rendered necessary the postponement of the expedition under Gen . Viele, until the arrival of reinforcements.

> Measures had also been taken by General Sherman to secure all the cotton in the neighborhood, with the aid of the negroes, and Col Noble, of the Seventy-ninth Regiment, who is fully acquainted with all the details of cotton picking, had been selected by General Sherman to superintend this important business, assisted by Colonel Suydam The health of the troops continued

We have at last a very brief intimation of the truth in regard to the recent fight at Fort Pickens, which the rebels bave had full liberty for the past two weeks of

The Columbia, which reached here yesterday from Havana, brought a mail from Fort Pickens, and the letters received state that the rebel batteries were silencdeepest sorrow that the beautiful city of Charleston ed by the fire of the Fort, but that Bragg and his army were allowed to remain because Col. Brown had not force enough to land and drive them away. A few de- son county, North Carolina, consisting of that commodierably injured, but the Niagara very little. The loss of have been invariably occupied, as they are located in the

The Secretary of War has issued an order that there will be no more regiments or companies raised by State Governors, except upon the requisition of the War Department; but those now forming may be completed under direction of the Governors. The recruiting volunteer service is placed under charge of general superintendents for each State, with general depots for the collection and instruction of recruits. The superintendent for the State is Major T. Sprague, and the recruiting Sir-It affords me the highest satisfaction to be made | depots are located at Elmira and Albany. The system | the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of er, they would love each other apart. Most of that the instrument of conveying to the sufferers by the late goes into operation on the first day of the coming year, time Mrs. Scott has been residing in Europe, and has calamity in Charleston the very handsome donation when volunteer officers now on recruiting service will be always manifested intense interest in her husband's made by the regiment under your command. The gen- relieved. The officers and the depots for all the States, will be taken as to them. erous sympathy which prompted this contribution is so with other details, will be found in the order in our tele-

Ministers made such "Mugginses" of themselves, Mrs. I can assure you that they will be quite as grateful to that the privateer Sumter succeeded in escaping from Scott was present, and whenever an allusion was made the feelings of our people as is the relief afforded by the U. S. gunboat Iroquois at Martinique, after the

> hoped will result in the capture of St. Gordon and the band of reb-I desperadoes who are doing so much dam- having claims against said Testator are notified to present age in Platte and other counties of that region. He them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will may also have occasion to pay some attention to return-be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
>
> MARY E. DUDLEY, Executrix. ing squads of Price's men, now congregating about

It is ascertained from a reliable source that the black flag has been hoisted and now floats at Columbus, Ky. A dispatch in the Chicago Tribune, dated Cairo, command of the First Lieutenant, who came up on the | cn the preceding day, resulted in the release of fifteen of | trious men-

> Gen. Jeff. Thompson's Proclamation. HEADQUARTERS 1ST MILITARY DIS. M. S. G., /

NEW MADRID, December 14, 1861. This also being indignantly refused, Mr. Slidell him- Fellow Soldiers and Citizens of the 1st Military District of Missouri: You have read our Government's appeal. How do nal fistula by a process of his own. His last operation, The Lieutenant said that his orders were to take them so much work, and gained so much credit during the which has proved a perfect success, was upon a young on board the San Jacinto by force if they wound not past six months, rally around the flag he so beautifully If attacked with sprains, bruises, sores, ulcers, &c., rub him countess of one of the highest families of France, and surrender. He then walked to the side of the ship and describes, and maintain the reputation which our friends | with the who had been entirely given up by her physicians. With | waved his hand; immediately three more heavily armed | so kindly award to us? Come, all speak at once! and

triotism or changed our principles. should be do it, it would lead to the confiscation of cer- only person on board directly representing her, made your head, leading you as I have done, will be as you Dec. 24. may wish, so do not hold back on my account.

Southern States. He wants to serve both God and Any open resistance to such a force was of course Our commanding generals have promised me that I mammon, and, with this view, has, I learn made an ap- hopeless,, although fron the loud and repeated plaudits may keep the field all winter, and not be penned up be- Dec. 24. plication to the Department of State at Washington for | which followed Capt. Williams's protestation, and which | hind embankments. I will be allowed to roam through a special passport, he agreeing not to take up arms were joined in by every one, without exception, of the our district, wherever I may be needed, and I have per-

> who may enlist, and on the day mentioned in my gener-M. JEFF. THOMPSON, Brig. Gen. Commanding.

MARKIED. In Surry county, on Thursday, the 12th inst., Mr. ABRA-HAM MARION to Miss REBECCA NATIONS, all of Sur-Raleigh Standard and State Journal please copy.

In Duplin county, of paralysis, on the 24th November, BONEY WELLS, Sr., in the 73d year of his age. His afflictions of more than tiree years duration he bore with Christian submission. Spared to old age, his life was emthe duties of which office he discharged to the warm approval of the congregation. " Blessed are they who die in

cowardly bullying in the line of conduct pursued by the On the 15th inst., in the N. C. Military Hospital in Petersture was resolved upon by the other regiment. They Captain of the San Jacinto, I may remark, first, that burg, Va., of typhoid pneumonia, WILLIAM STEPHENS, Rumors were rife that heavy firing was going on at Rumors were rife than heavy firing was going on at Rumors were rife than heavy firing was going on at Rumors were rife than heavy firing was going on at Rumors were rife than heavy firing was going on at Rumors were rife than heavy firing was going on at Rumors At Smithville, on the 19th Nov., 1861, Mrs. CAROLINE At Smithville, on the 19th December, 1861, Mr. JOHN

> aged 35 years. In this town, on the 21st inst., Mr. HENRY W. GROVES At the Hospital in Wilmington, on Monday, the 23d inst. THOMAS Y. FORREST, a private in Co. K, Capt. Moody, 28th Reg't. N. C. Volunteers, aged 21 years. His remains

FAMILY BIBLES. FINE SUPPLY, at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE. Dec. 16. BUGNING FLUID.

Donald LOT OF BURNING FLUID just received A and for sale, for cash only, by W. H. LIPPITT. Druggist & Chemist. SALT,

COR SALE by Dec. 17.-86117. ELLIS & MITCHELL. GROCERIES! GROCERIES! E WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM our friends. and Merchants generally, that we have now on hand a large and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of Bacon, Sugars, of all grades, Rio Coffee, Mess Pork, Candles, Tobacco, Cigars, Pepper, Spice, Snuff, etc., etc., all of which will be sold low for Cash. COX, KENDALL & CO.

COMMERCIAL.

Latest dates from Liverpool..................................Dec

Latest dates from Havre......Dec WILMINGTON MARKETS, DECEMBER 24. BEEF CATTLE. -There is a moderate demand for beeves.

and prime quality sells readily. We quote on the hoof at 64 to 74 cents per lb. for net meat. BEESWAX-Sells from carts at 18 a 20 cents per lb. BACON-A few small lots have been received, and sold from carts at 20 cents for hog round, and 22 a 23 cents per BUTTER .- The market is rather better supplied. Small lots sell from carts at 40, 45 a 50 cents per 1b., as in quality.

CANDLES-Are in small stock, and prices rule high. Adamantine sell at 60 cents, and Tallow 25 to 3) cents per lb.

Eggs-Sell from carts at 20 to 25 cents per dozen. FLOUR .- There is scarcely any coming in either by river or railroad, and the stock on market is unusually light. We notice an active demand, and quote at \$8 25 to \$8 50 for superfine; and \$8 50 to \$8 75 per bbl. for family. GRAIN .- The market continues to be poorly supplied with all articles under this head, and we notice a fair enquiry .-We quote Corn at 62 a 65 cen s per bushel, by the quantity. WHEAT, OATS, PEAS and HYE would find quick sales at

LARD-Sells at 21 a 22 cents per lb. Molasses .- Cuba Muscovado 60 a 65 cents, and New Or leans 75 cents per gallon.

NAILS-Sell at \$10 per keg. POTATOES .- Irish \$5 per bbl.; and sweet 65 to 75 cents per Poultry .- The market has been rather better supplied during the past week, and prices have ruled lower. We quote Fowls at 18 to 25 cents each for dead ; Turkeys \$1 to \$1 25 for live, and 12 a 15 cents per lb. for dead.

PORK-Has been brought to market rather slowly. There is a fair demand at 11 to 121 cents per lb., as in quality. Rrcs.-Clean sells from store at 4 a 41 cents per ib. SUGAR-Is in moderate stock, and prices rule high. Several parcels have been received from New Orleans, and are selling from store at 13 a 15 cents for refined yellow, and 16 a 18 cents per lb. for white. SALT .- A small lot of Liverpool ground sold a few days

since at \$18 per sack. The demand is now being principally supplied with the salt made in this vicinity at \$4 per Tallow-Meets with ready sale at 15 a 16 cents per lb. WHISKEY-sells at \$1 50 to \$1 60 per gallon for common

SITUATION WANTED A S OVERSEER, by the subscriber, who has had considerable experience in conducting all the operations on plantation, as also in the management of negroes. He would refer as to character and capability, to his present em loyer, Henry Nutt, Esq., to Levin Lane, Esq., and to other gentlemen. Any communication addressed to the

subscriber at Wilmington, N. C., care of H. Nutt, Esq., will receive prompt attention. L. D. CHEPRY.

LUMBERTON PROPERTY TO SELL OR RENT. THE UNDERSIGNED baying removed to his farm. now offers to sell or lease, on very accommodating terms, his property in the Town of Lumberton, Robe ous building known as "Ivey's Hotel;" this building is located a convenient distance to the Rail Road, and has nine large and spacious rooms, besides a dining room, together

business part of the Town, and generally command a large share of trade. To persons wishing either to engage in Hofel Keeping. leased separate from the Stores. Persons desirous of buysmall detachment of National troops belonging to Col. ing or leasing said property, will confer a favor by either sult in rendering the people of Great Britain more help- I should not suppose it would have required any very | Resolved, That the Colonel of the Regiment, under command of Capt. Ne- coming to see for themselves or writing to the Subscriber at

> STATE OF NORTH AROLINA, ONSLOW COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Dec. Term, 1861. A. J. Murrill, Adm'r of Thomas J. Hanby, deceased,

Thomas Hanby and James Hanby. IN THIS CASE, it being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Thomas Hanby and James Hanby, are non-residents of this State, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the Whim agron Journal, for six weeks, for said defendants, notifying them to appear at Onslow, at the Court House in Jacksonville, on the 1st Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to this petition, otherwise judgment pro confesso

In testimony of which, I do hereunto sign my name and affix the seal of office of said Court, at office in Jacksonvide, the 1st Monday in December, 1861 A. J. JOHNSTON, C. C. C.

[Fr. adv \$5 92] 18-6tw. to the General she seemed to be deeply affected, and your prompt and generous donation. Permit me, in latter had taken her station off the harbor, waiting for The SUBSCRIBERS having qualified as Executrix and Executor to the last Will and Testame at of the late George A. Dudley, at the December Term, 1831, of the left St. Joseph, Mo., on a secret experition, which it is Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of New Hanover, hereby notify all persons indebted to their Testator to come forward and make payment, and all persons

J. P. SLIMSON, Executor.

WISH TO BUY two first rate SHALLOW WHISKEY STILLS, Caps and Worms, all complete and in perfect order-capacity of each from 300 to 600 gallens. I wish to employ a competent Distiller of Whiskey to conduct the business. None need apply but super, indus-Garysburg, N. C., Dec. 17th, 1861.

NEW CROP RICE, 150 CASKS NEW CHOP PRESH BEAT RICE, in O. G. PARSLEY & CO. 87-4"-17-2t

TO SAVE HORSE PROPERTY,

A ND to prevent your horse from being sick, to promote his comfort, and to prolong his existence, ciothe him warmly with a good and substantial HORSE BLANKET. If he be sick and worn down by disease, give him at once a

doce of that celebrated preparation, the EQUESTRIAN CONDITION POWDERS. MANHATTAN LINIMENT.

These popular articles are found at WILSON'S. SECTION TOWNS. 500 LBS. Seine Twine, for sale at Dec. 24. PRENCH CALF SKIRS.

DOZEN GENUINE French Calf Skins-J. J. Mercier's make. For sale by WH. B. UTLEY. BLACK TEA. CHESTS good Black Tea. For sale by WM. R. UTLEY.

BLACKINGICA OFF. COTTON-FIE IRON. LB4. Tennessee Cotton-tie iron-made ex-10,000 pressly for baling Cotton, and 10 cents pr.

io. cheaper than rope. For sale by RENIUCKY BAGGING. 8.000 YANDS heavy Kentucky Pageing.

TO ARRIVE! DIRECT IMPORTATIONS! BED BLANKETS, UNDER SHIRTS. 2.000 yards English Bleached Shirtings - superb goods! Merchants may find it to their advantage to call and ex-

amine the stock, at BALDWIN'S. CARD TO GUR PATROVS. W. HEN we can purchase Cloths and Primmings suita-tle for fine Uniforms, we theli resure that branch of manufacturing again. Scarcity of material, and enormous prices for same, have led us to give up, for the present, this particular part of the trade.

We are making every effort to procure goods, and will, as early as possible, supply ourselves with all peedful materials for Officers Uniforms. Our Civic List of goods is complete. Call and leave orders-see our Cassimeres, Cloths, &c., &c., at BALDWIN'S. Clothing Manufactory. A MANUAL

M. D., Professor of Surgery in the Jefferson Medical Col lege, Philadelphia. For sale at WHITAKER'S Book Store.

HANNEN ISCORDS. FULL SUPPLY OF BAPTIST, Methodist and Pres-A byterian, on hand at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE.

SEQUESTRATION NOTICE. TAVING been appointed by the Judge of the District of the Confederate States of America for the District of North Carolina, Receiver for the District composed of the counties of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bla-den, Robeson and Richmond, I hereby notify every Attorney, Agent, former Partner, Trustee, or other person holding or controlling within said bistrict, any lands, tenements or hereditaments, goods or chattels, rights or credits, or any interest therein, of or for any alien enemy of the Confederate States of America, speedily to inform me of the same, and to render into me an account thereof, and so far as practicable, to place the same in my hands. Any person wilfully failing to do so will be guilty of a high misdemea-nor, and liable to be indicted, convicted, fined and impriscned as provided by law.

And I also notify each and every citizen of the Confederate States, speedily to give information to me (as he is required by law) of any and all lands, tenements and he redi-

taments rights and credits, within the said District, and of every right and interest therein held, owned and possessed or enjoyed by or for any such a len enemy.
Office on Princess street, West door. JURNAL Building. DUBRUIZ CUTLAR,

Receiver for the District comprising the counties of New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Robeson and Rich-October 29th, 1861.

45-tf.10tf.